

BLUE-GREEN ALGAL BLOOM WEEKLY UPDATE

REPORTING OCTOBER 23 - OCTOBER 29, 2020

SUMMARY

There were five reports of visits in the past seven days (10/23 - 10/29), with five samples collected. Algal bloom conditions were observed by the samplers at two sites.

Satellite imagery for Lake Okeechobee and the Caloosahatchee and St. Lucie estuaries from 10/29 showed approximately 15% coverage of medium to high algal bloom potential, predominantly on the northwest quadrant of the lake. No bloom potential was observed on the visible portions of either estuaries.

Satellite imagery for the St. Johns River from 10/29 did not show any significant bloom potential on visible portions of Lake George or the main stem of the St. Johns River. Please keep in mind that bloom potential is subject to change due to rapidly changing environmental conditions or satellite inconsistencies (i.e., wind, rain, temperature or stage).

On 10/26, Florida Department of Environmental Protection staff sampled Tiger Lake - Near Ramp. The sample was dominated by Dolichospermum circinale and had a trace level (0.69 parts per billion) of total microcystin detected.

On 10/27, St. Johns River Water Management District staff collected samples at Blue Cypress Lake - Center and Stick Marsh - North. The Blue Cypress Lake - Center sample was dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had no detectable levels of cyanotoxins. The Stick Marsh - North sample had no dominant algal taxon and a trace level (0.27 ppb) of total microcystin was detected.

On 10/28, Orange County staff collected samples at Lake Anderson - NW Corner and Lake Roberts - SE Corner. Both samples were co-dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and Microcystis wesenbergii, with only the Lake Anderson - NW Corner sample having detectable levels (1.9 ppb) of total microcystin.

Last Week

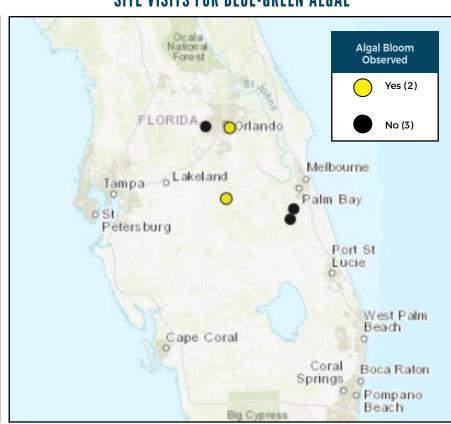
On 10/22, samples were collected at Lake Okeechobee stations PALMOUTI, PALMOUT2, PALMOUT3, LZ30, POLE3S, RITTAE2, LZ25A, L007, L006, PELBAY3 and LZ40; however, sample results were still pending. Total microcystin results are included in parentheses following each site name: PALMOUTI (10 ppb): PALMOUT2 (13 ppb): PALMOUT3 (13 ppb): LZ30 (8.1 ppb); POLE3S (non-detect); RITTAE2 (non-detect); LZ25A (non-detect); LO07 (trace 0.99 ppb); LO06 (16 ppb); PELBAY3 (non-detect); and LZ40 (trace 0.28 pb).

This is a high-level summary of the sampling events for the reported week. For all field visit and analytical result details, please refer the complete algal bloom map with data table by clicking the "Field and Lab Details" Quick Link from the Algal Bloom Dashboard. Different types of blue-green algal bloom species can look different and have different impacts. However, regardless of species, many types of blue-green algae can produce toxins that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possibly cause skin and/or eye irritation due to contact. We advise to stay out of water where algae is visibly present as specks, mats or water is discolored pea-green, blue-green or brownish-red. Additionally, pets or livestock should not come into contact with the algal bloom-impacted water, or the algal bloom material or fish on the shoreline.

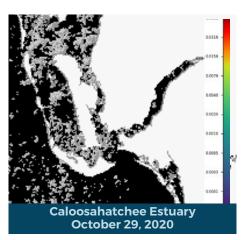
LAKE OKEECHOBEE OUTFLOWS

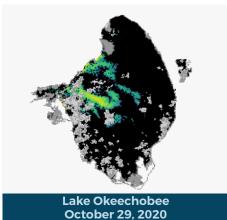
As of October 29 Current Lake Release Schedule* 4,000 West (S-79) Constant 1,800 East (S-80) Pulse *Updates are generally made on Fridays. Total Inflows and Outflows (cfs) 34,648 Weekly Inflow West 28,288 South 1,254 Weekly Outflow East 6,011 LAKE OKEECHOBEE Caloosahatchee

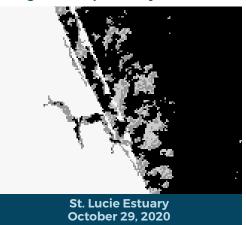
SITE VISITS FOR BLUE-GREEN ALGAE



Satellite Imagery provided by NOAA - Images are impacted by cloud-cover







SALTWATER BLOOM

Observe stranded wildlife

Information about red tide

and other saltwater algal



REPORTS FROM HOTLINE

REPORT PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUES

HUMAN ILLNESS

Florida Poison Control Centers can be reached 24/7 at 800-222-1222 (DOH provides grant funding to the Florida Poison Control Centers)

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH CONCERNS

CONTACT DOH

October 23-29

(DOH county office)



CONTACT FWC 800-636-0511 (fish kills) 888-404-3922 (wildlife Alert)

or a fish kill

blooms

MyFWC.com/RedTide

REPORT ALGAL BLOOMS

Observe an algal bloom in a lake or freshwater river

FRESHWATER BLOOM

Information about bluegreen algal blooms



(to report freshwater blooms) FloridaDEP.gov/AlgalBloom

Learn more about Florida's Algal Bloom Monitoring and Response visit our Water Quality website to check the current status and to receive updates.